



Buckley Ranch
Metropolitan District
COMMERCE CITY, COLORADO



ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Buckley Ranch Metro District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Buckley Ranch Metro District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Buckley Ranch Metro District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Buckley Ranch Metro District as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Buckley Ranch Metro District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Buckley Ranch Metro District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Buckley Ranch Metro District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Buckley Ranch Metro District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Buckley Ranch Metro District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

BF Borgers CPA PC

BF Borgers CPA PC

Lakewood, Colorado

October 19, 2022

BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	96,029
Cash and investments – restricted	310,085
Accounts receivable	25,336
Accounts receivable – specific ownership taxes	2,491
Property taxes receivable	400,000
Prepaid expenses	9,795
Capital assets, net	708,807
Land	99,400
Total Assets	1,651,943
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,745
Accrued interest payable	7,400
Current portion of Series 2017 Bonds	130,000
Series 2017 Bonds	2,155,000
Total Liabilities	2,294,145
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred property tax revenue	400,000
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Restricted:	
Emergency reserves	5,500
Debt service	51,574
Capital projects	259,744
Non-spendable	9,795
Unassigned:	(1,368,815)
Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (1,042,202)

BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the 12-Month Period Ended
December 31, 2021

Functions/Programs	Program Revenue			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:					
Government Activities:					
General government activities	\$ (142,729)	\$ 22,848	\$ 8,061	\$ -	\$ (111,820)
Interest and related costs on long-term debt	(94,401)	-	-	-	(94,401)
Capital project activities	(67,900)	-	-	-	(67,900)
	<u>\$ (305,030)</u>	<u>\$ 22,848</u>	<u>\$ 8,061</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(274,121)</u>
General Revenues					
					399,800
					33,351
					423
					<u>433,574</u>
					159,453
					<u>(1,201,655)</u>
					<u>\$ (1,042,202)</u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2021**

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Project Fund	Total Government Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 96,029	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 96,029
Cash and investments - Restricted	-	50,341	259,744	310,085
Accounts receivable	25,336	-	-	25,336
Accounts receivable - specific ownership tax	1,258	1,233	-	2,491
Property taxes receivable	202,000	198,000	-	400,000
Prepaid expenses	9,795	-	-	9,795
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 334,418	\$ 249,574	\$ 259,744	\$ 843,736
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,745	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,745
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred property tax revenue	202,000	198,000	-	400,000
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted:				
Emergencies (TABOR)	5,500	-	-	5,500
Debt service	-	51,574	-	51,574
Capital projects	-	-	259,744	259,744
Non-spendable	9,795	-	-	9,795
Unrestricted	115,378	-	-	115,378
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	130,673	51,574	259,744	441,991
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 334,418	\$ 249,574	\$ 259,744	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Other long-term assets are not available or otherwise cannot be converted to cash to pay for current expenditures and, therefore, are recorded as expenditures in the funds	
Land	99,400
Property, structures and equipment, net	708,807
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds payable	(2,285,000)
Accrued interest payable	(7,400)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (1,042,202)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
12-Month Period Ended
December 31, 2021

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Project Fund	Total Government Funds
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 201,900	\$ 197,900	\$ -	\$ 399,800
Specific ownership taxes	16,842	16,509	-	33,351
Covenant violation fine income	11,634	-	-	11,634
Reimb expenses - collection costs	11,214	-	-	11,214
Net investment income	212	204	7	423
HOA contributions	8,061	-	-	8,061
Total Revenues	249,863	214,613	7	464,483
EXPENDITURES				
General and administration	25,572	-	-	25,572
Landscaping maintenance	87,632	-	-	87,632
Other district expenses	29,525	-	-	29,525
Debt service				
Direct and indirect collection costs	-	17,121	-	17,121
Interest - Series 2017 Bonds	-	77,280	-	77,280
Principal - Series 2017 Bonds	-	130,000	-	130,000
Major capital projects	-	-	27,007	27,007
Total Expenditures	142,729	224,401	27,007	394,137
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	107,134	(9,788)	(27,000)	70,346
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Fund Transfers In / (Out)	(81,700)	-	81,700	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	25,434	(9,788)	54,700	70,346
FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING	105,239	61,362	178,037	344,638
FUND BALANCES – END OF YEAR	\$ 130,673	\$ 51,574	\$ 232,737	\$ 414,984

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
12-Month Period Ended
December 31, 2021**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances – Total government funds	\$	70,346
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The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Bonds - principal payment		130,000
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Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Therefore, this is the net capital outlay activity for the year:

Depreciation expense on property, structures and equipment		(67,900)
Construction of property, structures and equipment		27,007

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest on debt		-
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Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	159,453
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These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND
BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
12-Month Period Ended
December 31, 2021**

	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Positive / (Negative) Variance with Original Budget
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 202,000	\$ 201,900	\$ (100)
Specific ownership taxes	14,600	16,842	2,242
Covenant violation fine income	5,000	11,634	6,634
Reimb expenses - collection costs	-	11,214	11,214
Net investment income	1,400	212	(1,188)
HOA contributions	-	8,061	8,061
Total Revenues	223,000	249,863	26,863
EXPENDITURES			
General and administration	50,400	25,572	24,828
Landscaping maintenance	95,000	87,632	7,368
Other district expenses	31,000	29,525	1,475
Total Expenditures	176,400	142,729	33,671
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	46,600	107,134	60,534
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in (out)	(81,700)	(81,700)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(81,700)	(81,700)	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(35,100)	25,434	60,534
FUND BALANCE – BEGINNING OF YEAR	85,100	105,239	20,139
FUND BALANCE – END OF YEAR	\$ 50,000	\$ 130,673	\$ 80,673

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND
EXPENDITURE DETAILS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
12-Month Period Ended
December 31, 2021**

	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Positive / (Negative) Variance with Original Budget
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION			
District management and accounting fees	\$ 23,000	\$ 23,000	\$ -
Administrative costs	2,500	1,849	651
Audit fees	6,000	5,940	60
Collection fees – County Treasurer	3,100	3,031	69
Board of Directors’ fees	3,000	2,300	700
Board training and conferences	2,500	-	2,500
Insurance	5,800	2,934	2,866
Legal fees	500	265	235
Indirect Cost Allocation	-	(13,750)	13,750
Contingency	4,000	3	3,997
Total General and Administration	<u>\$ 50,400</u>	<u>\$ 25,572</u>	<u>\$ 24,828</u>
LANDSCAPING MAINTENANCE			
Ground maintenance fees	19,500	19,404	96
Tree maintenance & replacement	2,500	21,594	(19,094)
Sprinkler repairs	8,000	1,469	6,531
Sprinklers – water	28,000	24,600	3,400
Sprinklers – electricity	2,000	2,036	(36)
Landscaping projects	27,000	13,684	13,316
Perimeter fence maintenance	2,000	-	2,000
Playground maintenance	3,000	11	2,989
Insurance - property	-	2,909	(2,909)
Miscellaneous landscape costs	3,000	1,485	1,515
Total Landscaping Maintenance	<u>\$ 95,000</u>	<u>\$ 87,632</u>	<u>\$ 7,368</u>
OTHER DISTRICT EXPENSES			
Snow removal	7,000	519	6,481
Vandalism	1,000	-	1,000
Park and recreation events	8,000	3,642	4,358
Newsletter publication costs	1,000	-	1,000
Covenant enforcement services	14,000	14,000	-
Covenant enforcement - legal fees	-	11,364	(11,364)
Total Other District Expenses	<u>\$ 31,000</u>	<u>\$ 29,525</u>	<u>\$ 1,475</u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
12-Month Period Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 1 – DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Buckley Ranch Metropolitan District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation, was organized on November 21, 2003, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32). The District operates under a service plan approved by Commerce City (City) on September 15, 2003. The District's service area is located in Adams County, Colorado entirely within the boundaries of the City and is comprised of 270 single family homes within the Buckley Ranch subdivision. The District was established to provide financing for the design, acquisition, construction and installation of streets, traffic and safety controls, park and recreation, transportation, television relay and translator, mosquito control, water facilities, sanitary sewer, and storm drainage.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organizations elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organizations governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies of the District are as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred inflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred outflows of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

When both restricted and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

Investment Valuation

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District invests certain funds in an external investment pool (CSAFE) that records its investments at fair value. Investments in CSAFE are categorized as Level 2 Investments.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the property taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes are recorded initially as deferred inflows or resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Specific Ownership Taxes

Beginning in 1937, the State of Colorado began assessing a tax annually on motor vehicles (aka Specific Ownership Tax). The Specific Ownership Tax is graduated based on a vehicle's age and original value. Specific Ownership Tax revenue collected by the State is apportioned among the 64 counties based on the number of state highway miles within each county. Each county allocates its respective share of specific ownership tax revenue proportionally among the various property-taxing governmental entities on the basis of total property taxes assessed by each entity in relation to total property taxes assessed by all entities within the county. In 2021, the District's share of Specific ownership taxes was equal to approximately 8.3% of the property taxes collected.

Specific ownership tax is allocated proportionally between each fund based on the ratio of property tax revenue collected for each fund compared to total property revenue collected by the District.

Collection Costs

Collection costs incurred by the District related to the collection of property taxes includes all costs incurred by the District that enable and support the District's ability to collect property taxes revenue. Generally, such costs include (a) operating and reporting compliance costs that protect the District's right to collect property taxes (e.g. financial statement audit fees, fees paid to professionals to prepare mandatory periodic financial and operational reports to the City and State, etc), (b) professional fees related to applying and monitoring accounting controls over the collection of District revenues, (c) costs related to managing the District's annual property tax assessment process and (d) insurance protecting the District from liability exposure that potentially could arise from performing these activities.

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

For the 2021 year, the District allocated indirect collection costs between its general fund (65% cost allocation) and its debt fund (35% cost allocation). Direct collection costs such as county treasurer collection fees are proportionally allocated to each fund on the basis of each property tax revenue allocable to each fund proportion to total property tax revenue assessed by the District.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by a government that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by a government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Both deferred inflows and outflows are reported in the statement of net position but are not recognized in the financial statement as revenues and expenses until the period(s) to which they relate. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements of the District for the 12-month period ended December 31, 2021 are comprised of property taxes due from Adams County that will not be collected within 60 days of the end of the current calendar year. Deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements represents property taxes for which an enforceable legal claim to assets exists, but for which the levy pertains to the subsequent year.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

When purchased or constructed, the District classifies newly acquired property, equipment and structures by functional area. The depreciable lives assigned to each functional area is as follows: park equipment (15 years), perimeter fencing (15 years), monument signage (10 years), sprinkler systems (20 years) and sidewalks (40 years). The estimated depreciable lives assigned to each asset class are based on the assumption that such assets are reasonably and regularly maintained and used for their intended purpose.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position. Net position may be classified into three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets - this component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any debt that is attributable to the

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in this component.

- Restricted - this component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use as imposed by external parties such as creditors, grantors or contributors, or as imposed by laws or regulations of other governments, or as imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted - the component of net position that does not meet the definitions above.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- **Non-spendable fund balance** – The portion of a fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted fund balance** – The portion of a fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- **Committed fund balance** – The portion of a fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.
- **Assigned fund balance** – The portion of a fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.
- **Unassigned fund balance** – The residual portion of a fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's policy to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:	
Cash and investments – unrestricted	\$ 96,029
Cash and investments – restricted	310,085
Total cash and investments	\$ 406,114

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 47,040
Investments	359,074
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 406,114</u>

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$47,051 and carrying balance of \$47,040.

Investments

The District has adopted a formal investment policy in accordance with state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those listed below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Revenue bonds of local government securities, corporate and bank securities, and guaranteed investment contracts not purchased with bond proceeds, are limited to maturities of three years or less.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and the World Bank
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse purchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2021, the District's investments were comprised of the following:

Investment	Maturity	Fair Value
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted average under 60 days	\$ 359,074

CSAFE

The District holds investments in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing CSAFE. CSAFE operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper. CSAFE measures its investments at amortized cost, which value is not materially different (less than 0.005% difference) than the fair value measurement of such investments.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. No limitations exist on the District's ability to withdraw funds invested in CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY, EQUIPMENT & STRUCTURES

The District owns the following property, equipment and structures:

	Balance at 12/31/20	Acquisitions	Disposals	Balance at 12/31/21	Accumulated Depreciation
Perimeter fencing	\$ 433,000	\$ 12,475	\$ -	\$ 445,475	(\$58,600)
Monument signage	90,000	-	-	90,000	(18,000)
Playground & park equip.	100,000	-	-	100,000	(16,700)
Detention pond structures	35,000	-	-	35,000	(4,400)
Backflow valves	21,000	-	-	21,000	(3,200)
Sprinkler systems	25,000	14,532	-	39,532	(5,300)
Sidewalks	96,000	-	-	96,000	(12,000)
Total	\$ 800,000	\$ 27,007	\$ -	\$ 827,007	(\$ 118,200)

NOTE 5 – LAND AND NON-DEPRECIABLE ASSETS

The District owns approximately 154,002 square feet (i.e. 3.53 acres) of open space land within the Buckley Ranch Subdivision. Specifically, the District owns the following land tracts:

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

- land tract D as identified on the Buckley Ranch subdivision plat map filed with the Adams County Clerk and Recorder’s Office on May 04, 2004.
- land tracts A, B and C as identified on the third amendment to the Buckley Ranch subdivision plat map filed with the Adams County Clerk and Recorder’s Office on December 18, 2014.
- land tracts A, B, C, E, F, L, M, O and P as identified on the Buckley Ranch subdivision plat map filed with the Adams County Clerk and Recorder’s Office on May 04, 2004

These land tracts are recorded by the District at a nominal value of \$15,400. The District also owns certain water rights and taps used to irrigate the landscaping on these tracts of land. The District’s water rights and taps are recorded at purchase cost of \$84,000.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's long-term debt:

Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 2,415,000
Principal repayments on Series 2017 Bonds	(130,000)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 2,285,000</u>

Details regarding the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

Series 2017 General Obligation Refunding Bond

On June 30, 2017, the District issued a \$2,870,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Bond for the purpose of refinancing its 2006 General Obligation Bonds. The Bond is due December 1, 2035, with a fixed stated annual interest rate of 3.20%, paid semiannually on June 1 and December 1. The Series 2017 Bond is subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, on December 1, 2022, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium. The Bond is secured by the Pledged Revenues and all moneys and earnings thereon. Pledged Revenues consists of revenues derived from the imposition of the Required Mill Levy remitted to the District.

The District’s Service Plan establishes a Maximum Mill levy the District is permitted to impose on taxable property within the District for the payment of debt. As long as the District’s total outstanding debt exceeds 50% of the assessed valuation of all taxable property within the District, the Maximum Debt Mill Levy is 50 mills, as adjusted by the State of Colorado for changes in the ratio of taxable valuation to assessed valuation of real property since January 1, 2003. As of January 1, 2003, the ratio was 7.96%. The ratio for 2021 was 7.15%, which caused the District’s Maximum Mill Levy for debt service for 2021 to be 55.664.

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2017 General Obligation Refunding Bond:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 130,000	\$ 73,120	\$ 203,120
2023	135,000	68,960	203,960
2024	140,000	64,640	204,640
2025	145,000	60,160	205,160
2026	150,000	55,520	205,520
2027 to 2031	825,000	202,400	1,027,400
2032 to 2035	760,000	61,920	821,920
Total	\$ 2,285,000	\$ 586,720	\$ 2,871,720

Debt Authorization

On November 04, 2003, the District's electors authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$12,952,200 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% and \$12,852,200 for refunding the District's debt or other obligations. The District's Service Plan places no additional limits on the District's ability to issue debt.

The District's authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes is as follows:

	<u>Debt Authorization Remaining at Dec. 31, 2020</u>	<u>Authorization Expired</u>	<u>Debt Authorization Remaining at Dec. 31, 2021</u>
Street improvements	\$ 2,905,000	-	\$ 2,905,000
Traffic and safety controls	90,000	-	90,000
Water supply	1,640,200	-	1,640,200
Sanitary supply	3,185,000	-	3,185,000
Park and recreational facilities	1,202,000	-	1,202,000
Public transportation system	350,000	-	350,000
Television relay and translation system	530,000	-	530,000
Mosquito control	100,000	-	100,000
Operations and maintenance	100,000	-	100,000
Subtotal	10,102,200	-	10,102,200
Refunding of debt	12,722,200	-	12,722,200
Total	\$ 22,824,400	\$ -	\$ 22,824,400

The remaining, unused debt issuance authorization (excluding authorization for refunding of debt) as of December 31, 2021 totaling \$10,102,200 is attributed to debt issuances authorized by the electors on November 04, 2003, which if unused will expire in November 2023 in accordance with 32-1-1101(2), C.R.S.

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 7 – NET POSITION

The District has a net position consisting of three components – restricted, non-spendable and unassigned.

Restricted Net Position

The District's restricted net position as of December 31, 2021 in the general fund, debt service fund and capital project fund totaled \$5,500, \$51,574 and \$259,744, respectively. The restricted net position within the general fund is due to spending restrictions established by TABOR. See Note 10 for further details. The restricted net position within the debt service fund is comprised of funds that are restricted to servicing the Series 2017 General Obligation Refunding Bond per the debt mill levy and related Bond agreement.

Non-Spendable Net Position

The District's non-spendable net position as of December 31, 2021 in the general fund, debt service fund and capital project fund totaled \$9,795, \$0 and \$0, respectively. These balances were created due to the District prepaying certain 2022 expenses in 2021.

Unassigned Net Position

The District's unassigned net position as of December 31, 2021 totaled \$(1,368,815). This deficit amount was a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements retained by the District and conveyed to Commerce City and South Adams County Water and Sanitation District.

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Easement Agreements

The District owns certain land within the District that is subject to easement agreements with the South Adams County Water and Sewer District (SACWSD) and United Power allowing utility line access across District-owned properties to District residents.

Landscaping Plan

The District owns various land tracts within the District (see Note 5) that is subject to a landscaping plan that was filed by the Developer with Commerce City in 2007 (Landscaping Plan). Per the Landscaping Plan, the District must ensure (1) all land owned by the District conforms to the Commerce City Community Development Department, Public Works Department and Parks & Recreation Department standards and (2) all plant material on District-owned land conforms to Commerce City's approved plant list and planting specifications. The Landscaping Plan also requires a minimum number of trees and shrubs be maintained on the certain portions of District-owned open spaces.

The District continues to be subject to the Landscaping Plan, and any revisions to the Landscaping Plan must first be submitted and approved by Commerce City. If Commerce City deems the District to be in violation of the Landscaping Plan, Commerce City may assess monetary fines and/or other penalties on the District. As of December 31, 2021, the District believes it is in material compliance with the Landscaping Plan.

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

Storm Water Detention Pond

Per the PUD agreement, the District is responsible for the maintenance of the storm water detention area (located on the west side of Norfolk Street). In the event such maintenance is not performed by the District, Commerce City has the right to enter the area and perform the necessary work, the cost of which will be billed to and the responsibility of the District.

Backflow Valve Certification

The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) and SACWSD require the District's seven backflow valves be tested and certified annually. CDPHE may assess monetary and other penalties on the District if the District fails to comply with this requirement. All six backflow valves were tested and certified in 2021.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss including (a) torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets, (b) errors or omissions and (c) acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to insure its member districts against various risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years. The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from its members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to the Pool's distribution formula.

NOTE 10 – TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution—referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR)—contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 07, 2006, District voters authorized the District to assess property taxes at no more than \$750,000 annually, without limitation to rate, to pay the District's operations, maintenance and other expenses. Additionally, the District voters approved a revenue change to allow the District to retain and spend all revenue, other than ad valorem taxes, in excess of TABOR spending, revenue raising or other limitations.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). TABOR prohibits the District from using its emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions and revenue shortfalls.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to legal interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, may require judicial interpretation.

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
DEBT SERVICE FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND
BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
12-Month Period Ended
December 31, 2021**

	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Positive / (Negative) Variance with Original Budget
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 198,000	\$ 197,900	\$ (100)
Specific ownership taxes	14,300	16,509	2,209
Net investment income	1,400	204	(1,196)
Total Revenues	213,700	214,613	913
EXPENDITURES			
Direct and indirect collection costs	4,420	17,121	(12,701)
Debt service			
Interest - Series 2017 Bonds	77,280	77,280	-
Principal - Series 2017 Bonds	130,000	130,000	-
Total Expenditures	211,700	224,401	(12,701)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,000	(9,788)	(11,788)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	2,000	(9,788)	(11,788)
FUND BALANCE – BEGINNING	76,000	61,362	(14,638)
FUND BALANCE – END OF YEAR	\$ 78,000	\$ 51,574	\$ (26,426)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
DEBT SERVICE FUND
COLLECTION COST DETAILS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
12-Month Period Ended
December 31, 2021**

	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Positive / (Negative) Variance with Original Budget
DIRECT AND INDIRECT COLLECTION COSTS			
Collection fees – County Treasurer	\$ 3,400	\$ 2,971	\$ 429
Indirect collection cost allocation	-	13,750	(13,750)
Legal fees	-	-	-
Bond paying agent fees	-	400	(400)
Miscellaneous	1,020	-	1,020
Total Direct and Indirect Collection Costs	\$ 4,420	\$ 17,121	\$ (12,701)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND
BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
12-Month Period Ended
December 31, 2021**

	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Positive / (Negative) Variance with Original Budget
REVENUES			
Net investment income	\$ -	\$ 7	\$ 7
Other	-	-	-
Total Revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>
EXPENDITURES			
General and administrative fees	-	-	-
Capital projects			
Major capital projects	55,000	27,007	27,993
Total Expenditures	<u>55,000</u>	<u>27,007</u>	<u>27,993</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(55,000)</u>	<u>(27,000)</u>	<u>28,000</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In (Out)	81,700	81,700	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>81,700</u>	<u>81,700</u>	<u>-</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	<u>26,700</u>	<u>54,700</u>	<u>28,000</u>
FUND BALANCE – BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>216,200</u>	<u>178,037</u>	<u>(38,163)</u>
FUND BALANCE – END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 242,900</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 232,737</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (10,163)</u></u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY
 December 31, 2021

The District's repayment schedule for its Series 2017 General Obligation Refunding Bond is as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Interest Rate	Total
2022	\$ 130,000	\$ 73,120	3.200%	\$ 203,120
2023	135,000	68,960	3.200%	203,960
2024	140,000	64,640	3.200%	204,640
2025	145,000	60,160	3.200%	205,160
2026	150,000	55,520	3.200%	205,520
2027	155,000	50,720	3.200%	205,720
2028	160,000	45,760	3.200%	205,760
2029	165,000	40,640	3.200%	205,640
2030	170,000	35,360	3.200%	205,360
2031	175,000	29,920	3.200%	204,920
2032	180,000	24,320	3.200%	204,320
2033	185,000	18,560	3.200%	203,560
2034	195,000	12,640	3.200%	207,640
2035	200,000	6,400	3.200%	206,400
	\$2,285,000	\$ 586,720		\$ 2,871,720

Interest is payable each year on June 1st and December 1st, and principal payments are due each year on December 1st. The Bond can be paid in advance without redemption penalty beginning on December 01, 2022.

BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
**SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION,
MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED**
December 31, 2021

Year Ended December 31,	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year tax Levy	Mills Levied		Total Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied
		Operations	Debt	Levied	Collected (Note A)	
2017	\$ 4,741,320	19.000	50.000	\$ 327,151	\$ 315,043	96.3%
2018	6,890,540	19.000	31.000	344,527	344,517	100.0%
2019	7,013,560	28.801	28.231	400,000	399,943	100.0%
2020	7,729,580	26.133	25.616	400,000	400,205	100.0%
2021	8,100,400	24.937	24.443	400,000	399,800	99.95%
2022	8,416,170	24.001	23.526	400,000	[TBD]	[TBD]

NOTE A: Property taxes collected in any one year may include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
CHANGE IN TOTAL OVERLAPPING MILL LEVY
 December 31, 2021

	2020 Mill Levy *	2021 Mill Levy **	Change
Buckley Ranch Metropolitan District	49.380	47.527	(1.853)
Brighton School District No. 27J	48.745	49.866	1.121
Commerce City North Infrastructure General Improvement District	20.000	20.000	-
Adams County	26.897	27.069	0.172
South Adams Fire District No. 4	14.750	14.750	-
Rangeview Library District	3.670	3.689	0.019
City of Commerce City	3.200	2.920	(0.280)
South Adams County Water and Sanitation District	2.490	2.277	(0.213)
Central Colorado Water Conservation District	1.156	1.404	0.248
Central Colorado Water Conservation Subdistrict	2.151	2.189	0.038
Urban Drainage and Flood Control	0.900	0.900	-
Urban Drainage and Flood Control – South Platte	0.100	0.100	-
Total Mill Levy (Tax Area 598)	173.439	172.691	(0.748)

* -- For property tax collections in 2021

** -- For property tax collections in 2022

BUCKLEY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
HISTORICAL DEBT RATIOS
 December 31, 2021

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Debt outstanding at year end	\$ 2,775,000	\$ 2,660,000	\$ 2,540,000	\$ 2,415,000	\$ 2,285,000
Cash in debt fund	(\$ 31,912)	(\$ 62,036)	(\$ 71,715)	(\$ 61,362)	(\$ 50,341)
Combined assessed property values within the District	\$ 6,890,540	\$ 7,013,560	\$ 7,729,580	\$ 8,100,400	\$ 8,416,170
Ratio of debt to assessed property values	39.8%	37.0%	31.9%	29.1%	26.6%